$\qquad$ Class $\qquad$ Date $\qquad$

## Reteaching

## Factoring Quadratic Expressions

## Problem

What is $6 x^{2}-5 x-4$ in factored form?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
a=6, b=-5, \text { and } c=-4 & \text { Find } a, b, \text { and } c \text {; they are the coefficients of each term. } \\
a c=-24 \text { and } b=-5 & \text { We are looking for factors with product ac and sum } b .
\end{array}
$$

| Factors of $\mathbf{- 2 4}$ | $1,-24$ | $-1,-24$ | $2,-12$ | $-2,12$ | $3,-8$ | $-3,8$ | $4,-6$ | $-4,6$ |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sum of factors | -23 | 23 | -10 | 10 | -5 | 5 | -2 | 2 |

The factors 3 and -8 are the combination whose sum is -5 .
$\underbrace{6 x^{2}+3 x}-\underbrace{8 x-4} \quad$ Rewrite the middle term using the factors you found.
$3 x(2 x+1)-4(2 x+1)$
Find common factors by grouping the terms in pairs.
Rewrite using the Distributive Property.
$(3 x-4)(2 x+1)$
Check $(3 x-4)(2 x+1)$ You can check your answer by multiplying the factors together.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 x^{2}+3 x-8 x-4 \\
& 6 x^{2}-5 x-4
\end{aligned}
$$

Remember that not all quadratic expressions are factorable.

## Exercises

## Factor each expression.

1. $x^{2}+6 x+8$
2. $x^{2}-4 x+3$
3. $2 x^{2}-6 x+4$
4. $2 x^{2}-11 x+5$
5. $2 x^{2}-7 x-4$
6. $4 x^{2}+16 x+15$
7. $x^{2}-5 x-14$
8. $7 x^{2}-19 x-6$
9. $x^{2}-x-72$
10. $2 x^{2}+9 x+7$
11. $x^{2}+12 x+32$
12. $4 x^{2}-28 x+49$
13. $x^{2}-3 x-10$
14. $2 x^{2}+9 x+4$
15. $9 x^{2}-6 x+1$
16. $x^{2}-10 x+9$
17. $x^{2}+4 x-12$
18. $x^{2}+7 x+10$
19. $x^{2}-8 x+12$
20. $2 x^{2}-5 x-3$
21. $x^{2}-6 x+5$
22. $3 x^{2}+2 x-8$
