POLYNOMIAL UNIT REVIEW

Multiple Choice

- 1. Simplify (4 + 2i) (3 5i)
 - a. 7 + 7*i*
 - b. 1+7*i*
 - c. 7 − 3*i*
 - d. 1−3*i*
- 2. Simplify $(1 3i)^2$
 - a. $1 + 9i^2$
 - b. -8
 - c. -8 6i
 - d. 10 − 6*i*
- 3. Simplify the following expression: $\left(\frac{6p^8q^9}{(2p^3q^4)^3}\right)^{-2}$
 - a. $\frac{3}{4pq^3}$ b. $\frac{9}{16p^2q^6}$ c. $\frac{4pq^3}{3}$

d.
$$\frac{16p^2c}{q}$$

- 4. The sides of a rectangle are $(2x^2 11x + 1)$ ft and (3x 4) ft find the perimeter of the rectangle.
 - a. $(2x^2 8x 3)$ ft
 - b. $(4x^2 16x 6)$
 - c. $(5x^3 11x 3)$ ft
 - d. $(6x^3 41x^2 + 47x 4)$ ft²
- 5. The sides of a rectangle are $(2x^2 11x + 1)$ ft and (3x 4) ft find the area of the rectangle.
 - a. $(6x^3 41x^2 41x 4)$ ft²
 - b. $(6x^3 25x^2 + 47x 4)$ ft²
 - c. $(6x^3 41x^2 + 47x 4)$ ft²
 - d. $(6x^3 33x 4) \text{ ft}^2$
- 6. A pool that is 10ft by 20 ft is going to have a deck (x) ft added all the way around the pool. Write an expression in simplified form for the area of the deck.
 - a. $(60x + 4x^2)$ ft²
 - b. $(30x + x^2)ft^2$
 - c. $(200 + 60x + 4x^2)$ ft²
 - d. $(200 + 30x + x^2)$ ft²
- 7. What is the area of a square with sides (6x 2) inches?
 - a. $(36x^2 4)$ in²
 - b. $(36x^2 + 4) in^2$
 - c. $(36x^2 12x 4)$ in²
 - d. $(36x^2 24x + 4)$ in²

8.
$$\frac{27w^{3}x^{5}-12w^{4}x^{3}+24w^{3}x^{2}}{6w^{2}x^{2}}$$
 is equivalent to which of the following?
a.
$$\frac{9wx^{3}-4w^{2}x+4w}{3}$$

b.
$$\frac{9wx^{3}}{2}-2w^{2}x+4w$$

c.
$$\frac{9wx^{3}-4w^{2}x}{3}+4w$$

d.
$$\frac{9wx^{3}+4w^{2}x+8w}{2}$$

9.
$$(2a^{4}-6a^{2}+4) \div (a-2)$$

a.
$$2a^{3}-3a-2$$

b.
$$2a^{3}-3a^{2}-2$$

c.
$$2a^{3}+4a^{2}-2a-4+\frac{-4}{a-2}$$

d.
$$2a^{3}+4a^{2}+2a+4+\frac{12}{a-2}$$

10. A box has volume of $(3x^2 - 2x - 5)$ cm³ and a height of (x+1) cm. Find the area of the base of the box.

- a. (3x + 2) cm²
- b. (3x 2) cm²
- c. (3x + 5) cm²
- d. (3x 5) cm²
- 11. Using the graph, decide if the following function has an odd or even degree and the sign of the lead coefficient.
 - a. odd degree; positive
 - b. odd degree; negative
 - c. even degree; positive
 - d. even degree; negative
- 12. Which of the following equations is of an odd-function?

a.
$$y = 3x^5 - 2x$$

b.
$$y = 5x^7 - 3x^3 + 9$$

- c. $y = x^5(x^7 + x^5)$
- d. $y = 7x^{10}$

13. What value should A be in the table so that the function has 4 zeros?

- а. -2
- b. 0
- c. 1
- d. 3

14. Name all of the real and imaginary zeros and state their multiplicity:

 $y = (x^2 + 8x + 16)(4x^2 + 64)$

- a. Real zeros: -4 with multiplicity 2; Imaginary zeros: \pm 4i each with multiplicity 1
- b. Real zeros: -4 with multiplicity 3, 4 with multiplicity 1; No imaginary zeros
- c. Real zeros: -4 with multiplicity 4; No imaginary zeros
- d. Real zeros: -4 with multiplicity 2; Imaginary zeros: 2i with multiplicity 2



<u>f(x)</u> 6

А

2

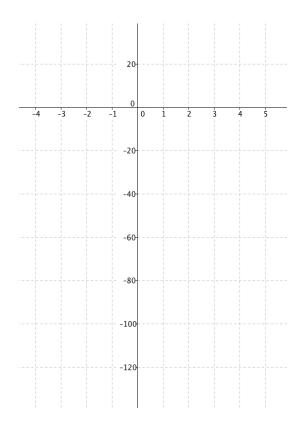
3

1 -1

0

Extended Response

1. Graph $y = (x + 2)^2(x + 1)x(x - 1)(x - 3)$. Name the real zeros and their multiplicity.



2. Given the function $f(x) = 3x^3 + 3x^2 - 6$. Write the function in factored form.

3. Name all of the real and imaginary zeros and state their multiplicity of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 10x^2 + 11x + 70$

4. Write a polynomial function of least degree with integral coefficients that has the given zeros.

5. Consider the graph of a degree 5 polynomial shown to the right, with *x*-intercepts -4, -2, 1, 3, and 5.

Write an equation for a possible polynomial function that the graph represents.

